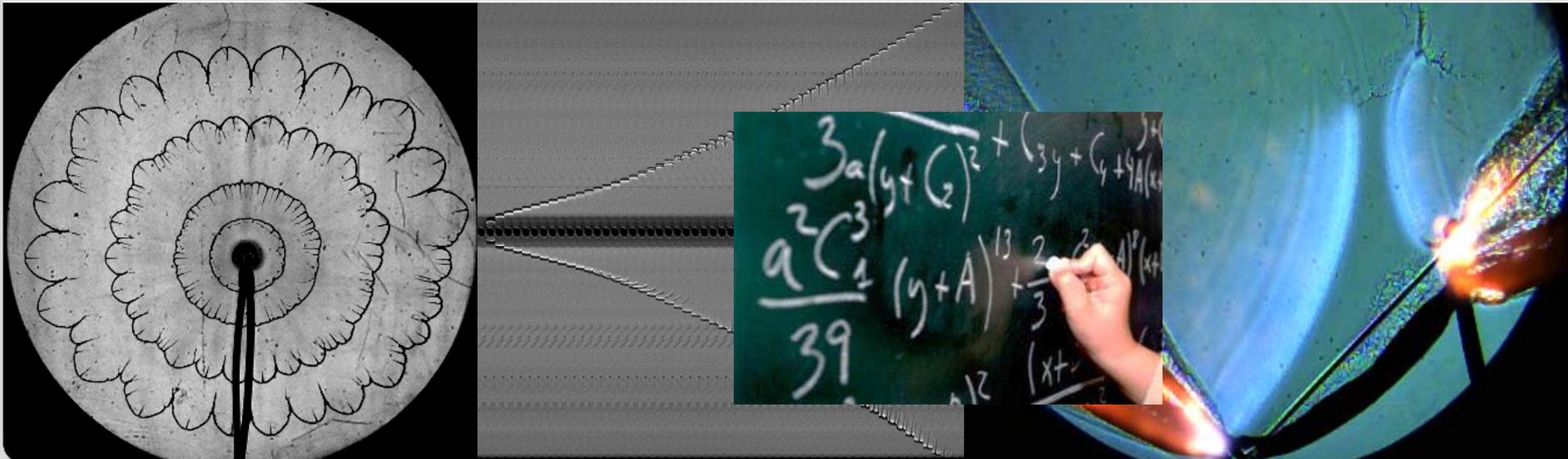


Update on Combustion of Inhomogeneous Mixtures

T. Jordan

Hydrogen Group
Institute for Nuclear and Energy Technologies (IKET)



Starting Point



- Presentation of A. Kotchourko about gaps at the RPW Berlin 2012:

...

H₂ Safety Research Needs

Article "How safe is Hydrogen?" by J. Hord: pp 615
Symposium Papers of the "Hydrogen for Energy
Distribution,,, Lyon, France, July 24-28, **1978!**

- ⦿ Experimentally verify detonation in open air detonable clouds. (Evaluate strong initiator and the possibility of transition from deflagration to detonation in the absence of turbulence inducers).
- ⦿ Confinement: (What constitutes sufficient confinement to sustain a detonation or higher order explosion?). Determine the effects of weak walls, elastic curtains, etc. on the transition to detonation, relief of deflagrations, etc.
- ⦿ Model and study the effects of piping complex and turbulence-inducing appurtenances, for example, subdivisions, trees, buildings, etc. on transition to detonation



Status of Project 1501426

Development of criteria for FA and DDT Phase II

A. Friedrich, J. Grune, K. Sempert, G. Stern, G. Necker, A. Vesper
Pro-Science GmbH, Ettlingen

M. Kuznetsov, A. Kotchourko, T. Jordan;
Karlsruher Institut für Technologie

supported by



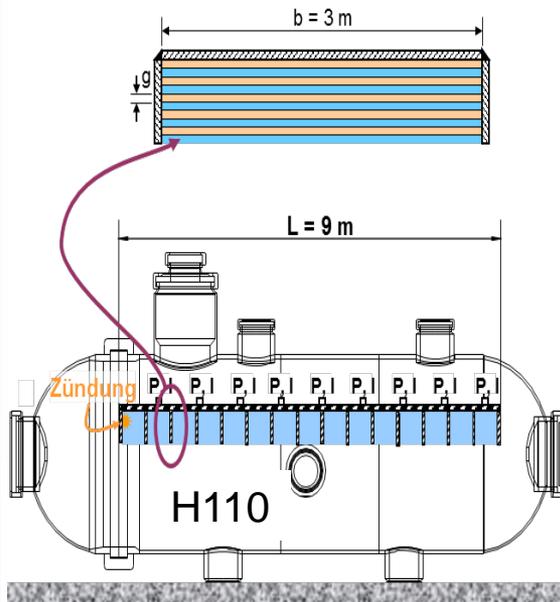
Bundesministerium
für Wirtschaft
und Technologie

über die Forschungsbetreuung der

Gesellschaft für Anlagen-
und Reaktorsicherheit
(GRS) mbH

Project 1501426 – Work Program

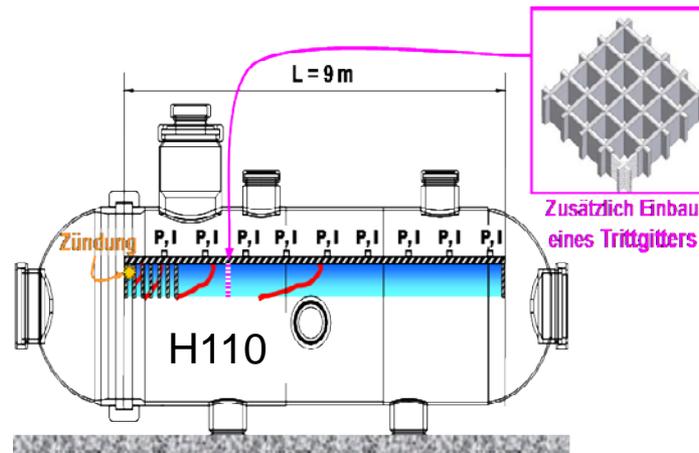
Part 1: Influence on obstacle geometry



- Influence of the obstacle geometry
- gap width d ,
- distance s ,
- shape,
- blockage ratio BR.
- With and without vertical concentration gradient



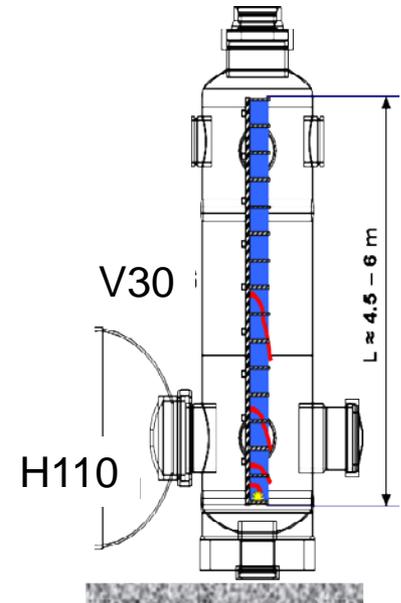
Part 2: Fast flame propagation in unobstructed partially open flat layers



- Short effective booster
→ starting with fast flame, detonation
→ propagation in free channel
- **AREVA:** Effect of grids as real obstacles?



Part 3: Variation of the orientation

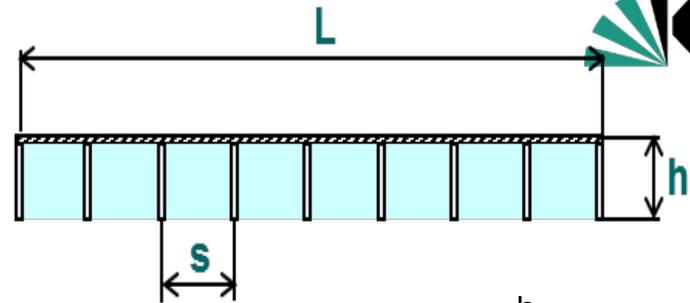
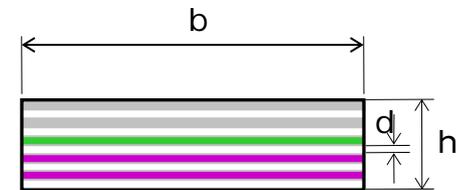
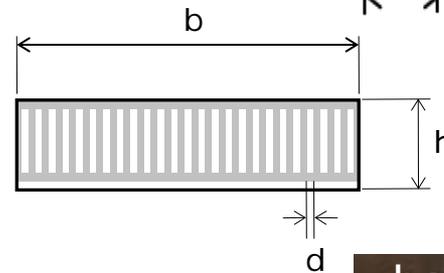
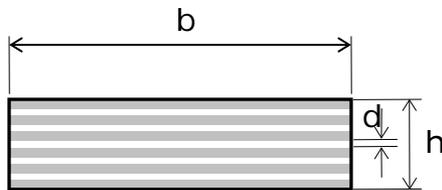


- Concentration gradient:
- vertical (positive/negative)
- horizontal
- Ignition on top and bottom
- Production of the gradient mixtures ✓

Project 1501426 – Work Accomplished

Test Matrix Part 1

38 experiments: 19 with homogeneous mixtures
19 with gradient mixtures



Test Matrix Part 2

66 experiments: 17 with homogeneous mixtures
49 with gradient mixtures

... with grid obstacle

10 experiments: 3 with homogeneous mixtures
7 with gradient mixtures

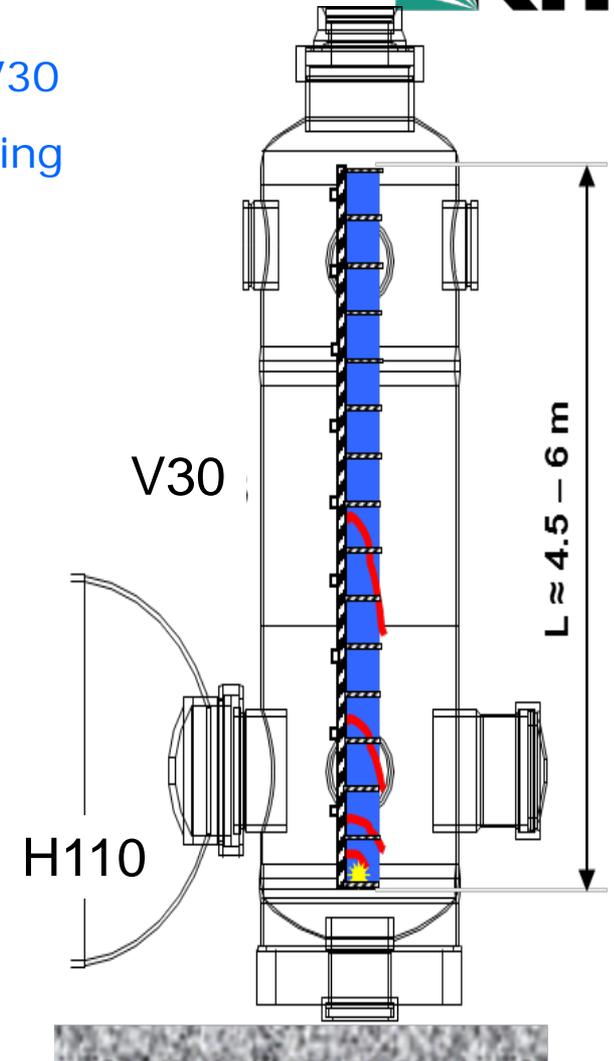


In total: 114 experiments conducted in the horizontal channel in H110

Project 1501426 – Part 3

Status of Part 3

- Vertical channel (0,4 m x 0,4 m x 6 m) installed in V30
- Preparation experiments also in small scale for opening of the plastic
- Intrumentation almost finished



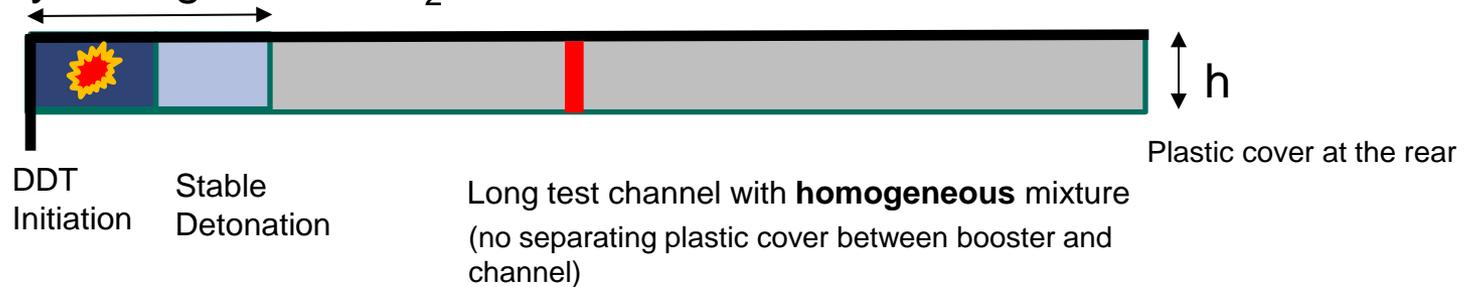
Some Results of Part 2

**Limits of the Detonation Propagation in stratified H₂/air
Mixtures in Partially Open Channel
without Obstacles (without grid)**



Investigation of the detonation onset in H₂/air mixtures

Homogeneous H₂/air layer with plastic cover:
 Variation = layer height h und H₂ concentration

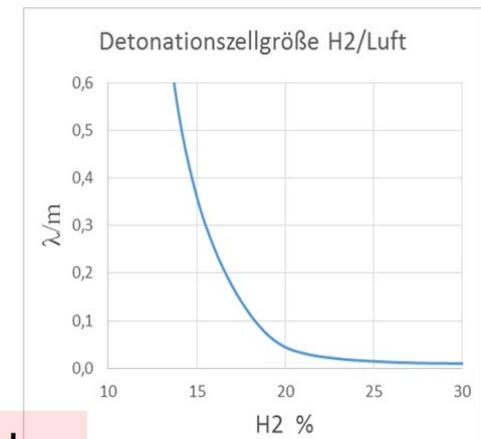
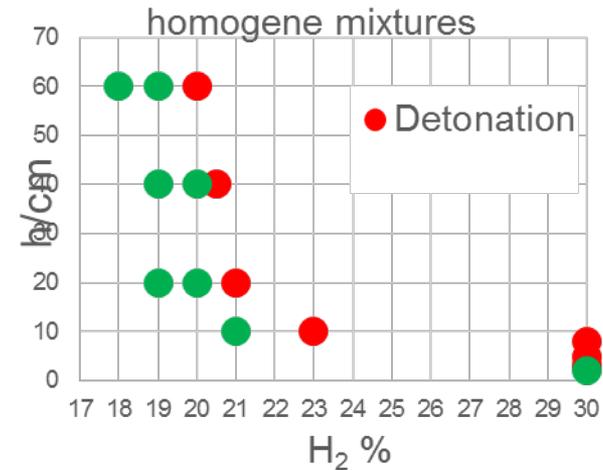
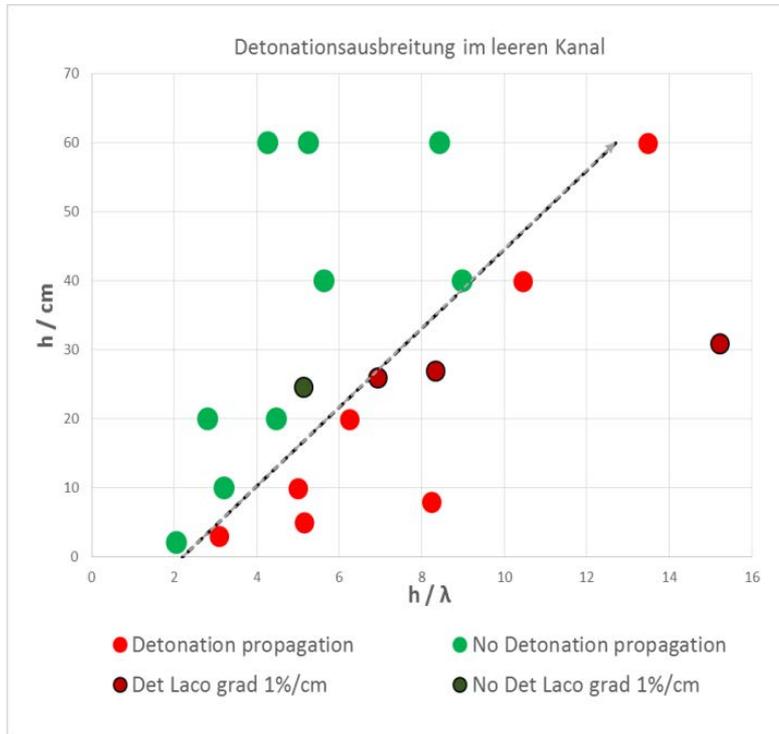


Stratified H₂/air layer:
 Variation = Gradient, height and maximum concentration in gradient mixture



For initiation of detonation injection of additional hydrogen in the booster is required

Limits of the Detonation Onset in homogeneous H₂/air mixtures



In homogeneous H₂/air layers with large height detonation spreads predominantly in a sub-layer immediately under the ceiling

Detonation cell size λ = reactivity scale

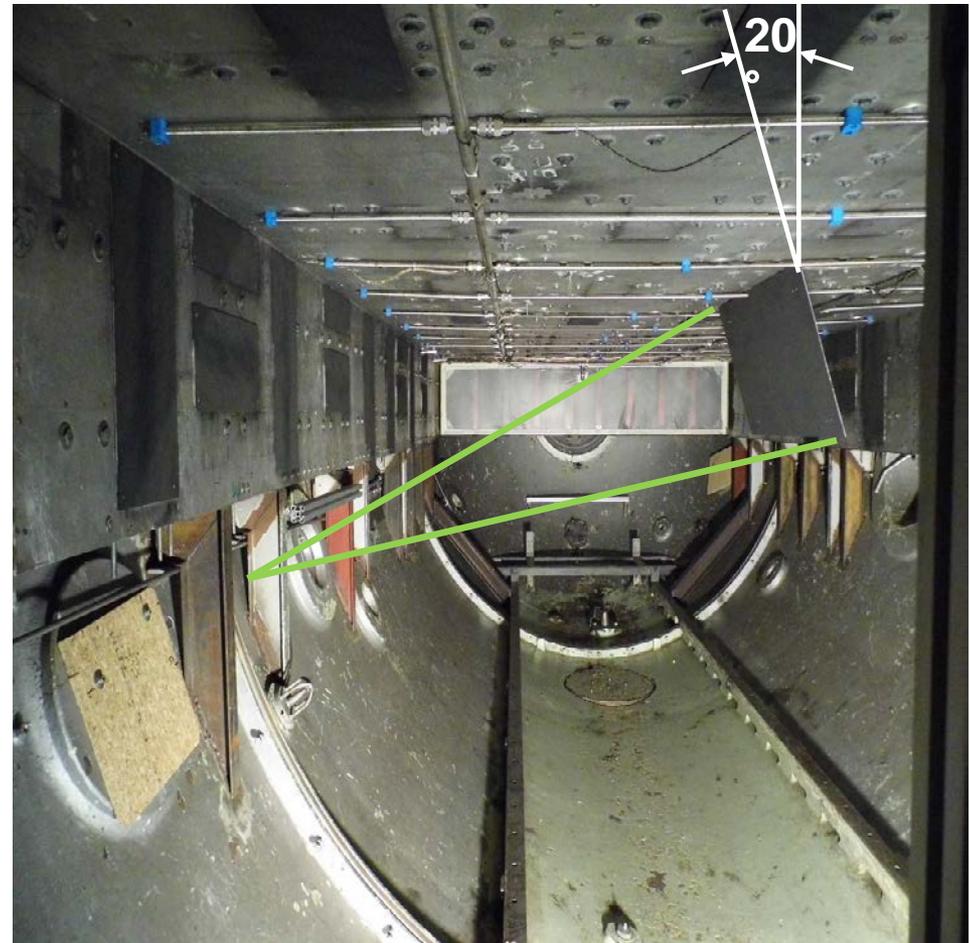
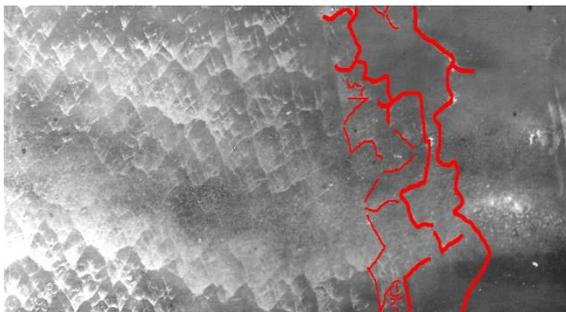
Instrumentation

16 x pressure probes

12 x ionisation probes

Up to 48 smoked plates
(at ceiling and on side walls)

High speed video camera
pointing at smoked plate
(0,5 m x 1 m)



High speed video arrangement

Test Matrix

Nr	max H2% Decke	Gradienten Art	h von c (20,5 % H2)	Detonation im Booster	Zusatz H2- Injektion in Booster	Detonation in Testschicht
294	28,7	2200 /80	31,7	ja	nein	ja
295	26,4	2000 /80	21,64	ja	nein	Ja
296	23,9	1800 /80	12,88	nein	nein	
297	23,9	1800 /80	12,88	nein	nein	
298	23,9	1800 /80	12,88	ja	Ja	ja
299	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
300	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
301	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
302	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
303	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
304	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
305	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	nein	Ja	
306	22,0	1700 /80	6,0	ja	Ja	nein
307	22,95	1750 /80	9,43	ja	Ja	nein
308	30,67	1600 / 100	17,5	ja	nein	ja
309	27,98	1500 / 100	13,67	ja	nein	Ja
310	25,29	1400 / 100	8,65	ja	Ja	nein
311	26,64	1450/ 100	12,0	ja	Ja	ja
312	22,7	1350 /100	3,06	ja	Ja	nein
313	41,24	2200 / 100	38,7	nein	nein	
314	41,24	2200 / 100	38,7	ja	O2-Injektion	Ja

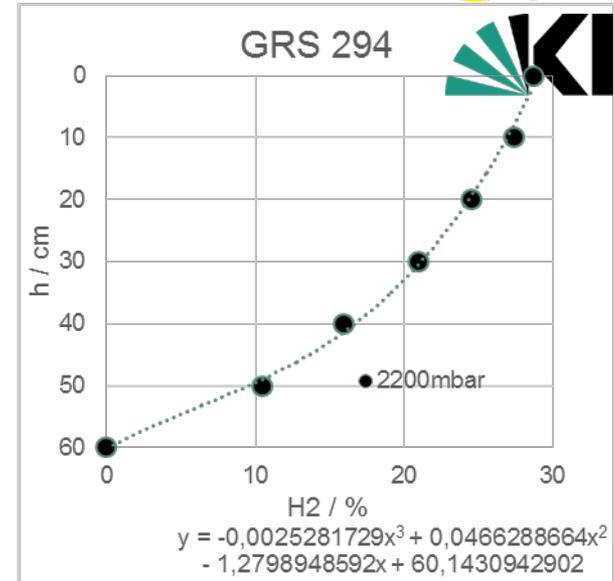
GRS 294 ($C_{max} = 28,7 \%$)



$h_{Det} = 31 - 35 \text{ cm}$



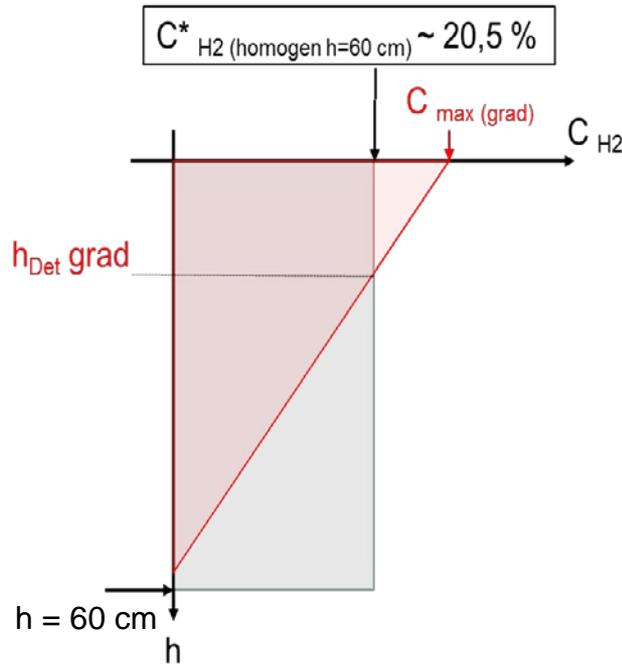
Ceiling



Side wall, zooming in

Side wall

Intermediate Summary

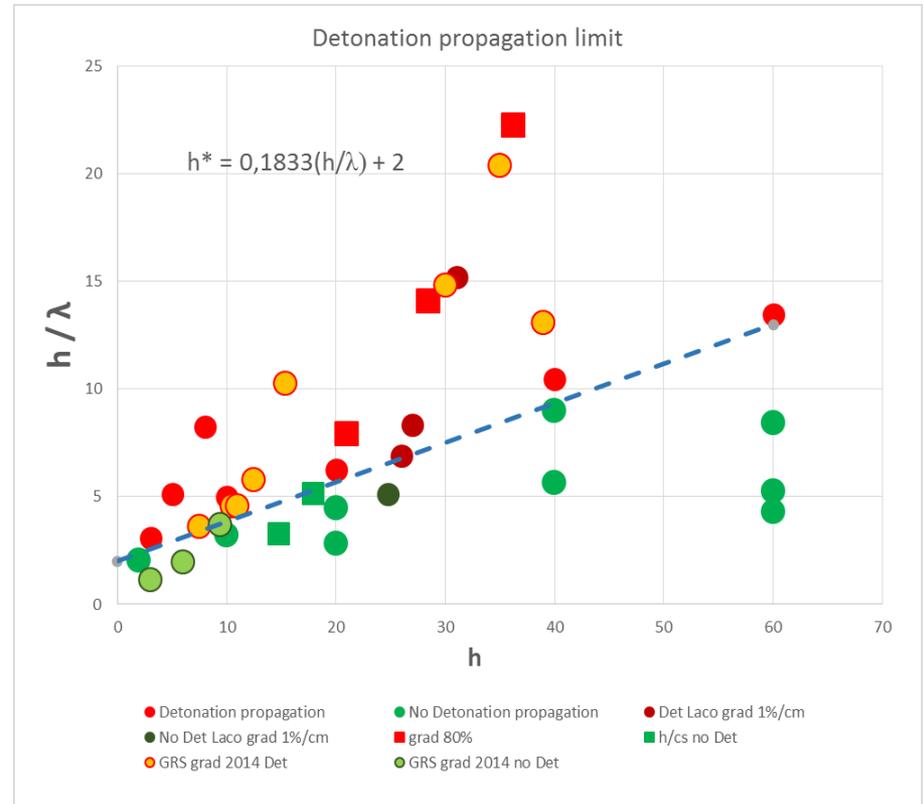


Homogeneous mixtures:

C_{H_2} and layer height h

Gradient mixtures:

$C_{max (grad)}$ and effective layer height $h_{Det grad}$



Results



- ❖ Improved understanding of detonation stability
- ❖ Extended robust criteria for FA and DDT in half open flat layers with stratified gradient mixtures
- ❖ To be accomplished for vertical arrangement